NỘI DUNG ÔN TẬP, CỦNG CỐ KIẾN THỨC CHO HỌC SINH

(Trong thời gian nghỉ học từ ngày 24/2/2020 đến ngày 1/3/2020) Môn học: Tiếng Anh Khối: 9

A/ Yêu cầu về nội dung:

- HS ôn tập phần lý thuyết, sau đó làm bài tập và ghi vào vở Tiếng Anh.

B/ Nội dung ôn tập:

REPORTED SPEECH

I. Changes in reported speech:

- 1. Pronoun changes:
- 2. Adverbs of time:
- Now → then
- Today \rightarrow that day
- Tonight \rightarrow that night
- Ago → before
- Yesterday → the day before / the previous day
- Tomorrow → the day after / the following day
- Next year → the year after / the following year
- 3. Adverbs of place:
- Here \rightarrow there
- 4. Tense changes:
- ➤ Simple present → Simple past → Past perfect

Present perfect >

➤ Present continuous → Past cont. → Past perfect cont.

Present perfect cont.

- ➤ Simple future → Future in the past
- ➤ Modal verbs:
- \circ Must \rightarrow had to / would have to
- \circ Must not \rightarrow was / were not to
- \circ Can \rightarrow could / be able to
- \circ Will / shall \rightarrow would / should / be going to.

II. Types of reported speech:

1. Statements:

$$S + said / told + (that) + S + V$$

2. Imperatives:

S + asked / told / ordered + O + (not) + To- inf.

Ex: "Don't play in the class", the teacher said

→ The teacher asked us not to play in the class.

3. Questions:

a. Wh- Questions:

b. Yes / No questions:

Ex: Peter asked, "Do you like playing football, Jack?"

→ Peter asked Jack if he liked playing football.

4. Reported speech with To- infinitive:

a. To report orders, requests, warnings, advice and invitation:

$$S + V + O + (not)$$
 to-infinitive * V: asked, told, ordered, advised, warned,

Ex1: "You should go", she said.

 \rightarrow She advised me to go.

Ex2: "Would you like to have dinner with us?", they said.

→ They invited me to have dinner with them.

b. To report offers, promises, threats, refusal and agreement:

$$S + V + \text{to-infinitive}$$

* V: offered, promised, refused, agreed, threatened

Ex1: "Can I help you?"

→ She offered to help me.

Ex2: "Ok, I'll give you a lift", he said.

→ He agreed to give me a lift.

Ex3: "I'll surely be home by 9", she said.

 \rightarrow She promised to be home by 9.

Ex4: "I can't help you do the exercises", he said.

→ He refused to help me do the exercises.

Ex5: "I will hit you."

→ She threatened to hit me.

5. Reported speech with gerund:

a.

$$S + V + Gerund$$

V: admitted, denied, suggested

Ex: "Let's go to Vung Tau beach", said Peter.

- → Peter suggested going to Vtau beach.
- b. S + V + Preposition + Gerund
- **V:** apologized for, complained about, insisted on, objected to, confessed to, dreamed of, thought of.

Ex: "I'm sorry, I'm late", said Mary.

- → Marry apologized for being late.
- c. S + V + O + Preposition + Gerund
- **V:** accused...of, warned... against/about, congratulated...on, prevented...from, blamed...for, criticized...for, praised...for, thanked...for.

Ex: "It was nice of you to help me. Thank you very much", Tom said to me.

C. BÀI TẬP VẬN DỤNG:

Change into reported speech:

I. Commands / Requests

- 1. The teacher said to Tim, "Come into my office, please."
- 2. Their mother said to them, "Don't make so much noise."
- 3. The traffic policeman said, "Show me your driving licence, please."
- 4. Mrs. Jackson said to Alice, "Could you give me a hand, please?"
- 5. The lifeguard said, "Don't swim out too far, boys."
- 6. Nam said to the taxi driver, Please turn left at the first traffic light."
- 7. Mary said to John, "Can you carry my suitcase, please?"
- 8. "Would you mind not smoking in this room?" she said to him.

II. Statements

1. Lan said, "I will be very busy tomorrow."

2. Thu said, "All the students will have a meeting next Sunday."
4. His sister said, "I don't buy this book."
5. The boys said, "We have to try our best to win the match."
6. Her father said to her, "You can go to the movie with your friends."
7. Her classmate said, "Lan is the most intelligent girl in our class."
8. The teacher said, "The Sun rises in the East."
III. "Yes – No" Questions
1. "Will the students in grade 9 have their final exam in May?", Phong asked his teacher.
2. "Can you drive your bicycle to school?", Ba said to Tuan.
3. "May I use your dictionary for a moment?, Nga asked Hoa.
4. "Are you fond of watching television?", Tuan said to Ba.
5. "Should we keep our room warm?", Lan asked her teacher.
6. "Can you speak Chinese?", she said to me.
IV. "Wh-" Questions
1. "Where are you going?", Lan asked.
2. "Where does you father work?", the teacher asked me.
3. "How far is it from Ho Chi Minh City to Vung Tau?" A tourist asked.
4. "How many people are there in your family?", She asked Lan.
5. "How long will you stay in England?, Tam's friends asked him.
6. "How much does this coat cost?", Lan asked Lien.
7 "What aspect of learning English do the students find most difficult?" the teacher

students.

8. "Where can you buy the new cartoon?", Lan said to me.

V. Complete the following sentences without changing their meanings:
1. The doctor said to me, "You should lose weight."
The doctor advised
2. Mary said, "Let's go to a movie."
Mary suggested
3. "I didn't break the windows", Bill said.
Bill denied
4. "You told a lie, Tom", she said.
She accused
5. "I can't go to your birthday party next Saturday evening, Jack", said Mary.
Mary apologized
6. "I won't help you with your homework. Never!" Jane said to me.
Jane refused
7. Joe said, "Please come to my party."
Joe invited
8. Mr. Gray said, "Don't play in the street."
Mr. Gray warned the children not
9. "Would you like to come on a picnic with us?
They invited
10. "Please don't tell anybody what happened."
He asked
11. "If you don't give me a pay rise. I'll resign."
She threatened
12. "I'll finish the work by the end of this week."
John promised
13. "You ought to take a break, Andrew."
She advised
14. "Don't forget to go to the supermarket after work."
They reminded
15. "Stay away from me."
Tom warned
16. "Why don't we sing a few songs?"
He suggested
17. "You can stay in my house when I am on holiday."
Jim told us
18. "I've been spending a lot more time with my children."
He said

19. "John left here an ho	ur ago."		
She told me			
20. "Oh, I'm too hot."			
He said			
21. "Are you enjoying yo			
22. "What's the weather			
	••••		
23. "Will Ted and Alice			
24. "Does Ann always go			
• •			
25. "How can I solve the			
26. "Did you study hard	for the exam?"		
•			
27. "You can't run out of	f the garden," Ms. Kell	y said to the children.	
Ms. Kelly prevented	the children		
28. "Are you the new ma	nager, Daisy? Congrat	tulations!" said Billy.	
29. "Please give me some	e more money, Mum,"	Daisy said.	
=	other		
30. "What did you think			
D. ĐỀ ÔN LUYỆN TH	I VÀO 10		
•		CTICE TEST 1	
I. MULTIPLE CHOIC	E (8.0 points)		
Mark the letter A, B	, C or D to indicat	e the word whose underlin	ned part is pronounced
differently from that of		.	
1. A. t <u>o</u> mb	B. remote	C. comb	D. stone
2. A. concern <u>ed</u>	B. perceiv <u>ed</u>	C. design <u>ed</u>	D. detached
3. A. fes <u>t</u> ival	B. capture	C. quantity	D. standard
		word that differs from the o	ther three in the position
of primary stress in eac			D 1
4. A. slavery	B. satellite	C. mysterious	D. regular
5. A. miraculous	B. supervisor	C. environment	D. alternative
6. A. poisonous	B. attraction	C. possession	D. percentage
		correct answer to each of the	ionowing questions.
7. many times I tell him,	ne always forgets to pa	ass on pnone messages.	

A. Wherever	B. Whatever	C. However	D. Whenever
8. I disapprove	_people smoking in public p	places.	
A. with	B. on	C. at	D. of
	dam to London was delayed		
	B. on account		
10. It isto tra	anslate each lesson into yo	our language. This is not	a good way to study
English.			
A. productive	B. unproductive	C. producing	D. unproducing
11. A good clock always l	keeps time.		
A. certain	B. accurate	C. true	D. serious
12. It seems that the world	l record for this event is alm	ost impossible to	
A. meet	B. compare	C. beat	D. balance
13. The soldier was punish	hed forto obey h	nis commanding officer's or	der.
A. refusing	B. regretting	C. objecting	D. resisting
14. It is believed that she'	ll be a billionaire by the time	e sheforty.	
A. is	B. was	C. will be	D. would be
	s spoke to reporters about the		
A. occasion	B. happening	C. event	D. experience
16the rise is	unemployment, people still	seem to be spending more.	
	B. Meanwhile		
17. Their flat is decorated	in acombination	n of colours.	-
	B. sweet		D. tasty
18. I wish you	stop interrupting me whene	ever I speak.	-
A. will	B. would	C. could	D. might
19. The earthworm is a wo	ormin moist, wa	rm soil in many geographic	areas.
A. where is it found	B. is found	C. and found it	D. which is found
	or D to indicate the under		
following questions.		_	
20. Now that the stress of	examination are over, we ca	<u>ın go</u> somewhere <u>for our ho</u> l	iday.
A	В	C D	
21. If we would have a lar	ge garden, we would plant a	lot of flowers in it.	
A	В	C D	
22. The English summer of	course will start in May 29 th	and finish <u>in August</u> .	
A	В	D	
23. There were so a lot of	people trying to leave the bu	urning building that the poli	ce had a great deal of
A B		C	D
trouble controlling them.			
24. The fire started <u>in</u> the	fifth floor of the hotel, but it	soon spread to adjacent flo	ors.
A	В С	D	
Mark the letter A, B, C	C or D to indicate the mo	ost suitable response to c	omplete each of the
following exchanges.			
25 "I think you've taker	n my bag by mistake."		

A. What a shame!	B. Pardon.	C. I'm so sorry.	D. Have I?
26 "May I have something	ng to drink, please?"		
- ""	16	C What do anno harre to act	-0
A. Yes, of course. Help yo	ourseit.	C. Why do you have to ask	
B. Of course you may.		D. You must help others to	
		d(s) CLOSEST in meanir	ig to the underlined
word(s) in each of the fol			
countryside.	ible only in cities and tow	rns, so we cannot easily go	et access to it in the
A. visiting	B. existing	C. safe	D. helpful
28. The naughty boy was s	scolded for breaking the neig	ghbour's window yesterday.	
A. told off	B. complimented	C. caught	D. taken care of
Mark the letter A, B, C	or D to indicate the word	d(s) OPPOSITE in meanir	ng to the underlined
word(s) in each of the fol	lowing questions.		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	is carrying out a health pro	pject for the poor in mountain	inous region and <u>rural</u>
areas.	D	C 1 1	D 4.1
		C. suburban	
	_	during the years of compulso	-
A. advisory	*	C. commercial	•
		A, B, C or D to indicate th	ie correct word that
best fits each of the numb			(21)
		f newspapers. Not many y	
* *		s unchanged for a hundred y	
-		ho prepared them for an edi	=
	_	very skilled man, set up th	
-	ages. When the pages we	ere complete, the printing	machines could be
(33)	1 0 751 ' 1' 4		, TD1
		s type their stories into	
		, shapes the articles. When	the pages are ready,
another computer may con	1 0		7) 1 .
	oubt about it, producing a i	newspaper is an entirely (3	5)business
now.	Dafter	C 000	D. vot
31. A. before	B. after	C. ago	D. yet
32. A. to 33. A. switched	B. by	C. through	D. with
34. A. computer	B. started B. editor	C. stopped	D. moved
1		C. typist	D. printer D. different
35. A. skillful Pand the following page	B. modern	C. similar	
_ <u>-</u>	age and mark the letter A	A, B, C or D to indicate th	ie correct answer to
each of the questions.			

It is often considered that the schoolyard is where bullies go to make other kids a miserable school life, but a new study suggests that classrooms are another popular place.

The study, presented recently at the American Public Health Association's yearly meeting in Philadelphia, is based on the results of the research from more than 10,000 middle school students who answered questions online.

Of those researched, 43% said they'd been physically bullied within the last month. A bit more than half said they had been <u>laughed at</u> in an unfriendly way, and half reported being called hurtful names. About one third said groups had excluded them to hurt their feelings. 28% said their belongings had been taken or broken; 21% said someone had threatened to hurt them. According to the results, two-thirds of the students said they had been bullied in more than one way over the previous month.

The study authors mentioned that 8% of the students who answered said they had missed school at least once during the school year because of fear of being bullied, 25% said they had taken other actions, such as missing recess, not going to the bathroom or lunch, missing classes, or staying away from some area of the school to escape from experiencing a bully. Bullies did too much to the school life

wing places EXCEI	PT	
srooms	C. bathrooms	D. teachers' offices
ed at" in the passag	ge is closest in meaning to	•
led nicely	C. shouted at	D. looked after well
some students do to	protect themselves from bu	llies?
	C. They try to hurt others.	
	D. They break others' belo	ongings
bullies at school?		
appointed	C. Worried	D. Puzzled
ably the best title for	or the passage?	
lies at school	C. Fear at school	D. School problems
nat it has a simila	r meaning to the first one	, beginning with the
car.		
wants.		
age under the seat?"	•	
ole the money!" she	said.	
should govern the	prices of goods.	
new one using the	given words in brackets	. Do not change the
umbing. I can't fix t	the leak in the sink myself. (if)
. Dogs must be on a	leash. (but)	
eavy rains. Early sto	rm warnings also imply stro	ng winds. (and)
the summer. The pr	ogram only offers classes in	the morning. (so)
	ssrooms led at" in the passag led nicely some students do to t bullies at school? appointed bably the best title for lies at school that it has a similar car. wants. age under the seat?" ole the money!" she I should govern the umbing. I can't fix to cavy rains. Early sto	led at" in the passage is closest in meaning toled nicely

50. The hostess specified the times for drinks and dinner. Her guests knew when to arrive at the party. (whose)

PRACTICE TEST 2

I. MULTIPLE CHO	` • •		
		the word whose underlin	ed part is pronounced
<u>-</u>	of the rest in each of the	- <u>-</u>	
1. A. s <u>i</u> gnal	B. microwave	C. t <u>ig</u> hten C. f <u>ou</u> nd	D. comprom <u>i</u> se
2. A. county	B. m <u>ou</u> nt	C. f <u>ou</u> nd	D. sh <u>ou</u> ld
3. A. receipt	B. process	C. <u>c</u> oncrete	D. can <u>c</u> el
Mark the letter A, B	, C or D to indicate the w	ord that differs from the ot	ther three in the position
	each of the following ques		
4. A. inquire	B. instant	C. glorious	D. wonder
5. A. accessible	B. celebration	C. gloriousC. development	D. congratulate
6. A. metal	B. thorough	C. thunder	D. abrupt
Mark the letter A, B,	C or D to indicate the co	rrect answer to each of the	following questions.
7. Fortunately the mac	chine was notv	when it caught fire.	
A. in order	B. in use	C. in progress	D. in ruins
8. If you wish to take 1	photographs you'll have to	have	
A. an application	B. a permit	C. an allowance	D. an admission
9. Phone me before ter	n;I'll be too b	usy to talk to you.	
A. unless	B. whether	C. otherwise	D. if
	when it saw its	in the mirror.	
A. picture	B. look	C. sight	D. relfection
11. The doctor says it	may take him a long time	to getthe shock.	
A. past	B. above	C. through	
12. Do you think th	nereless confl	ict in the world if all peo	oplethe same
language?			
A. would be/spoke		C. were/ spoke	
B. were/ would speak		D. would be/ would sp	eak
13. I met some old frie	endsI was on h	noliday in Malaysia.	
A. when	B. since		D. until
14. Before entering the	e room you'd better	your shoes.	
A. carry on	B. take off	C. take in	D. put on
15. Theof	the air has certainly brough	tht great benefits to man.	
A. conquer	B. conquest	C. conqueror	D. conquering
16. I willy	you this book if you promis	se to return it next week.	
A. offer	B. borrow	C. lend	D. allow
17. It is almost imposs	sible for young people	school today to get a	job.
A. to leave	B. leave	C. left	D. leaving
18. He seldom goes to	the cinema,?		-
A. doesn't he	B. is he	C. does he	D. isn't he

19for bamboo seeds to grow into plan	its that can be used for cor	mmercial purposes.
A. It takes several years	C. By taking several y	years
Several years to be taken D. Although taking several years		
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the und	derlined part that needs	correction in each of the
following questions.		
20. Sandra has <u>not rarely</u> missed <u>a play</u> or a concert	t since she was 17 years of	<u>ld</u> .
A B	C D	
21. The governor has not decided how to deal with	the problems <u>already</u> .	
A B C	D	
22. There <u>is</u> some <u>scissors</u> in the desk drawee <u>in</u> the	e bedroom if you need then	<u>m</u> .
A B C	Γ)
23. Robots in the home might not be enough creative	ve to do the cooking, plan	the meal and so on.
A B	C	D
24. It is becoming extremely difficult to grow enough	gh to feed the world's rapi	dly increased population.
A B C	Γ)
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the	most suitable response	to complete each of the
following exchanges.		
25 "Could you pass me the salt, please?"		
- "		
A. Certainly, here you are.	C. The salt? Why's th	aat?
B. It can't be passed.	D. No, I couldn't.	
26 "It was worried about chemistry, but Mr Brow	n gave me an A!"	
- "		
A. Don't worry about it	C. Mr Brown is a very	y good teacher.
B. Congratulations! That's a difficult course.	D. Good luck to you!	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the w	word(s) CLOSEST in me	eaning to the underlined
word(s) in each of the following questions.		
27. No matter what happens, I <u>assure</u> you that I	will not forget how hard	you have worked on this
project.		
A. dare B. promise	C. persuade	D. insure
28. Most animals can communicate with members of	of their own species, but n	not with other groups.
A. specialized researchers	C. geographical areas	
B. kind of plant	D. type of animal	
Mark the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the w	ord(s) OPPOSITE in m	eaning to the underlined
word(s) in each of the following questions.		
29. Whenever he returns to this place he is happy as	nd <u>contented</u> .	
A. discouraged B. displeased	C. satisfied	D. serious
30. "Mary, of course you're overweight. You ea	at too much junk food. I	Even worse, you exercise
infrequently."		
A. nearly every day B. at a gym	C. in the open	D. quite often
Read the following passage and mark the letter	r A, B, C or D to indica	te the correct word that
best fits each of the numbered blanks.		

Fish farming i	s only one of the many	recent experiments man ha	as begun in the endless battle to
feed himself. It is no	t as easy as it (31)	One doesn't simply	find a pond, stock it with fish
			looked on his pond as a fishing
hole(32)h	is friends. One morning	he awoke to find its surface	ce covered with dead fish. They
had died quite natura	lly – from suffocation.		
Commercially	(33)fresh-wa	ater fish need just that - a	and plenty of it. A good stream
feeding the pond is o	ne way to (34)	that fish will stay health	y. Not only does it supply life-
giving oxygen, it also	helps to clear away the	e fish's own (35)	_matter. With the oceans being
overfished in recent of	lecades, fish farming ma	y soon take over there too.	
31. A. sounds	B. hears	C. listens	D. feels
32. A. with	B. from	C. for	D. of
33. A. fed	B. made	C. raised	D. kept
34. A. insure	B. ensure	C. assure	D. reassure
35. A. rubbish	B. refuse	C. garbage	D. waste
Read the following	passage and mark the	letter A, B, C or D to i	ndicate the correct answer to
each of the question	S.		
Package holid	ays, coverings a two we	eks' stay in an attractive l	ocation are increasinly popular,
because they offer an	i inclusive price with fe	ew extras. Once you get to	the airport, it is up to the tour
operator to see that	you get safely to your	destination. Excursions, 1	ocal entertainment, swimming,
sunbathing, skiing –	you name it – it's all laid	d on for you. There is, in f	act, no reason for you to bother
anything yourselfves	. You make friends and	have a good time, but the	re is very little chance that you
will really get to kn	ow the local people. The	his is even less likely on	a coach tour, when you spend
almost your entire t	ime travelling. Of cour	ese, there are carefully sc	heduled stops for you to visit
historic buildings an	d monuments, but you	will probably be allowed	only a brief stay over night in
some famous city, v	vith a polite reminder t	to be up and breakfast ea	rly in time for the coach next
morning. You may v	isit the beautiful, the his	toric, the ancient, but tim	is always at your elbow. There
is also the added disa	dvantage of being oblig	ed to spend your holiday v	with a group of people you have
never met before, ma	y not like and have no re	easonable excuse for gettin	g away from. As against this, it
can be argued that f	or many people, particu	larly the lonely or elderly	, the feeling of belonging to a
group, although for a	short period on holiday	, is and added bonus. They	can sit safely back in their seat
and watch the world	go by.		
36. When you go on	a package holiday, you d	lon't have to	
A. arrange anything y	ourself	C. follow the tou	r schedules
B. pay for any extra a	activities	D. travel in an or	ganised group
37. People going on p	oackage holidays	·	
A. are unable to amus	se themselves	B. expect to be a	mused by tour operators
C. find most of their	interests catered for	D. are able to make frie	nds with lots of local people
38. Which of the following	owing statements is NOT	Γ true?	
A. You are constantly	y on the move when you	are on a coach tour.	
B. a coach tour is alw	ays exhausting.		
C. You don't get eno	ugh sleep on a coach tou	ır.	
D. You get no chance	e to visit historic building	gs in famous cities on a coa	ach tour.
39. "Time is always a	at your elbow". This mea	ans .	

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ce,
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